



SBTi Finance: Update and Showcase of Leading Science Based Targets

January 2023

PARTNER ORGANIZATIONS





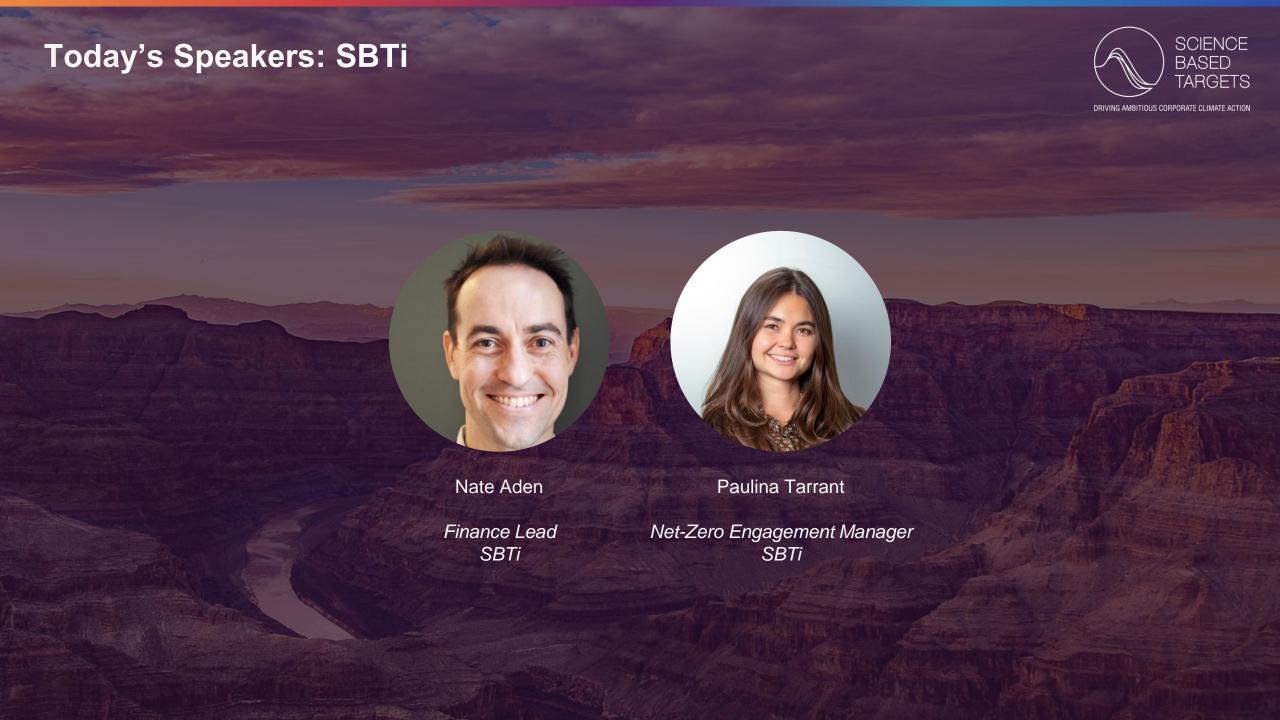




IN COLLABORATION WITH



Welcome and Housekeeping BASE We are live on Zoom. The recording and slides will be on the SBTi YouTube channel and website after the event. Questions can be posted in the Q&A box to be answered by our experts. Join our mailing list, link in the chat. Engage on social media: @ScienceBasedTargets #ScienceBasedTargets



Today's Speakers: Fls with science-based targets





NatWest Group



Supriya Sobti

Climate and Purpose Lead
NatWest Group

Schroders



Jenny Mill

Climate Change Strategist Schroders

storebrand



Marcus Bruns

SVP Nordic Head of Sustainability Storebrand ERT



Gustav Magnusson

Project Manager EQT



AGENDA

- SBTi Finance Update
- SBTi-validated FIs:
 - Supriya Sobti, NatWest Group
 - Jenny Mill, Schroders
 - Marcus Bruns, Storebrand
 - Gustav Magnusson, EQT
- Discussion



SBTi Finance: Milestones







SBTi Finance Guidance

2020



SBTi raises the bar:1.5°C targets only



SBTi Finance: Foundations for Net-Zero and PE sector guidance



SBTi Finance and TCFD reporting guidance

SBTi Finance training

modules

2015

COP21
Paris Agreement



PARIS2015
UN CLIMATE CHANGE CONFERENCE
COP21 CMP11

2018

ipcc Global Warming of 1.5°C

IPCC Special Report on Global Warming of 1.5°C

2021

Launch of the SBTi Net-Zero Standard

COP26

2022

IPCC AR6 WG3 Report



2023





SBTi Finance: What's next?



Finance Net-Zero Standard: Exposure Draft

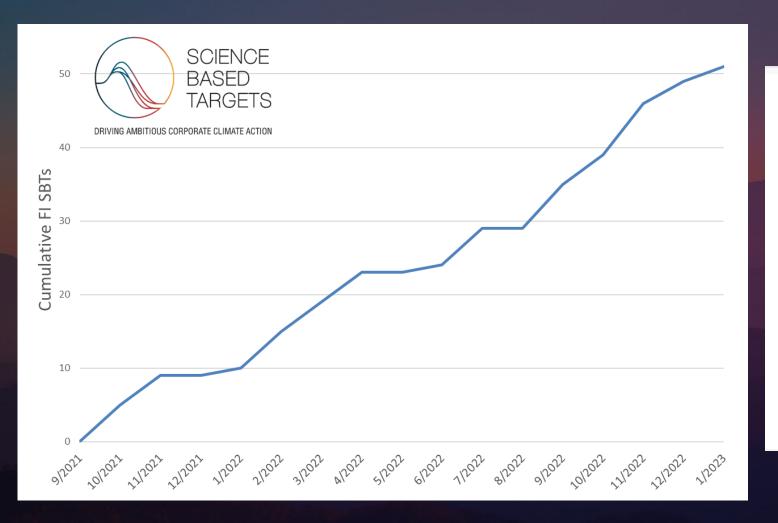
Harmonization

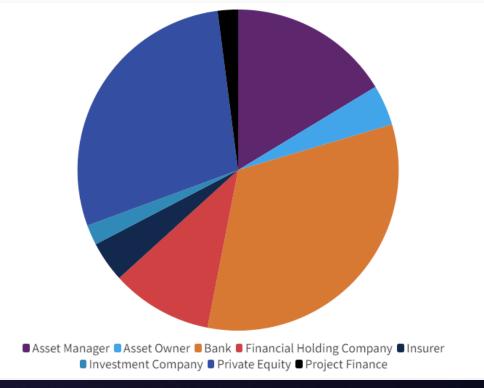
Additional Methods (Insurance Underwriting, etc.)

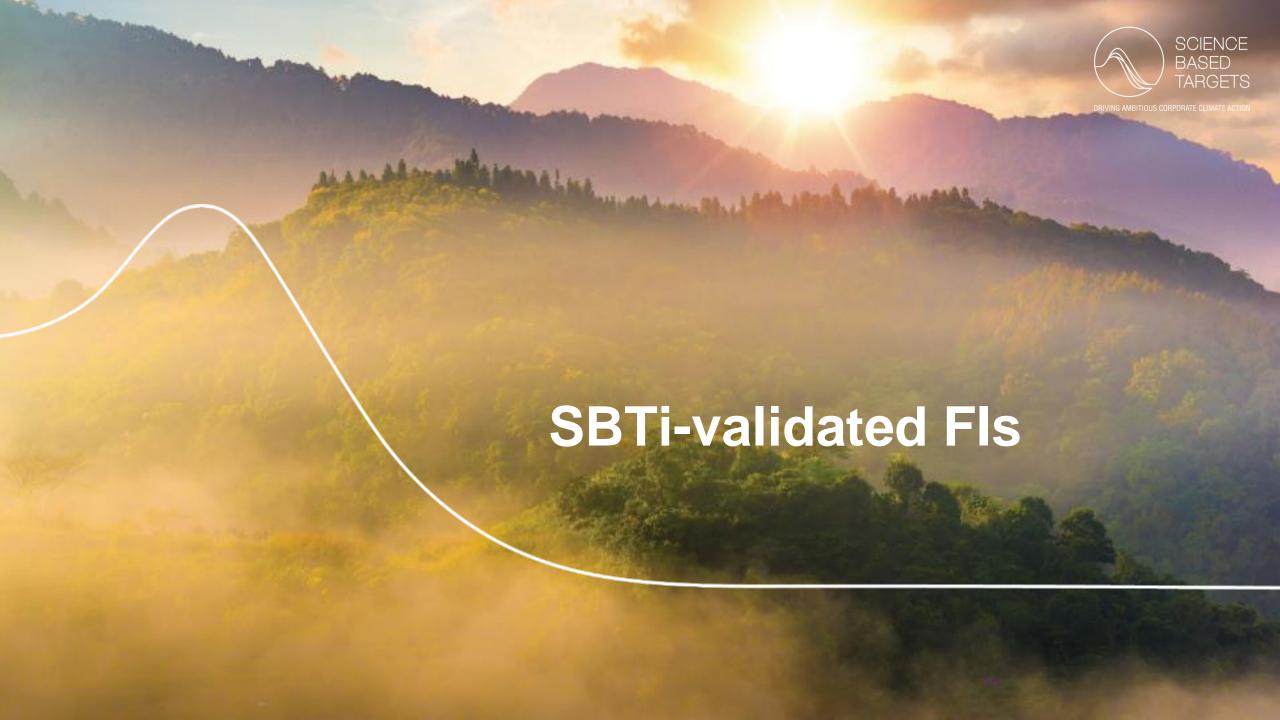
Near-Term Criteria Update

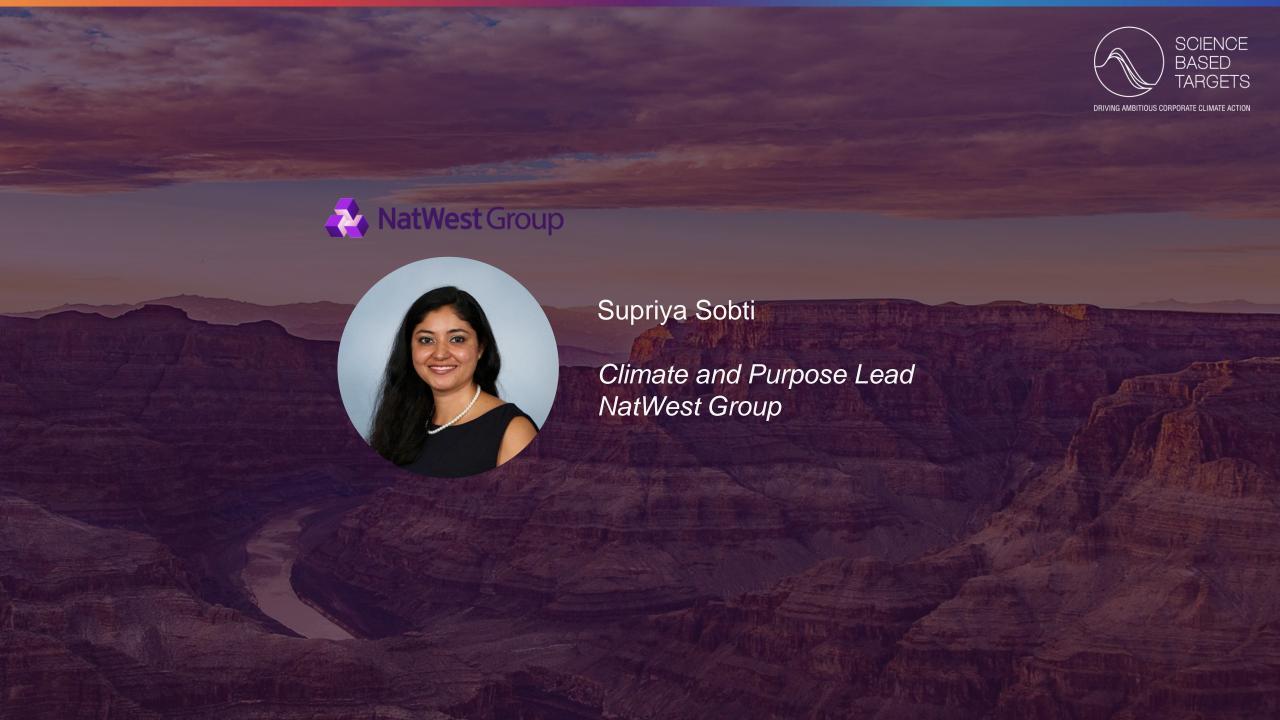
SBTi Finance: Growth











NatWest Group climate ambition



A leading bank in the UK helping to address the climate challenge

Net zero by 2050

-50%

At least halve the climate impact of our financing activity by 2030 £100bn

Climate and Sustainable Funding and Financing between 1 July 2021 and the end of 2025 Full phase out of coal by 1 January 2030⁽²⁾

Set sector specific targets

2022: published emissions for 52% lending and investment exposure

Estimates of financed emissions and emission intensities:

NatWest Group

The table below shows our estimates based on our work to date and should be read in conjunction with section 5.8 (Caution about climate metrics) and Risk Factors included in the 2021 Annual Report and Accounts. The table below shows NatWest Group's estimated (i) financed emissions, (ii) physical and economic emissions intensities, (iii) physical emissions intensity estimates for year 2030 aligned to NatWest Group's climate ambition to halve the climate impact of financing activity, intended to be aligned with SBTI guidance. We will continue to work on this in 2022 and further refine our estimates as we enhance our understanding, calculation methodologies and data. We have used a combination of methodologies (some of which are still under development) to calculate these emissions. Refer to sector pages in this section for further details on methodologies and approaches used.

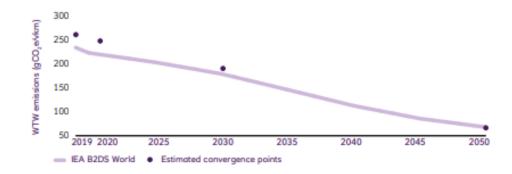
2020					2019				2030
Sector	Scope 1 and 2 (MtCO ₂ e)	Scope 3 (MtCO _z e)	Physical emissions intensity	Economic emissions intensity	Scope 1 and 2 (MtCO ₂ e)	Scope 3 (MtCO ₂ e)	Physical emissions intensity	Economic emissions intensity	Physical emissions Intensity
Residential mortgages(1)	3.2		37.4 kgCO ₂ e/m ²	17	3		38.7 kgCO ₂ e/m ²	17	19.6 kgCO _z e/m²
Commercial real estate	0.4		56.5 kgCO₂e/m²	21	0.4		56.0 kgCO ₂ e/m ²	21	22.5 kgCO _z e/m²
Automotive manufacturing ^(2,3,4)		0.5	248 gCO₂e/vkm	1,488		0.3	260 gCO₂e/vkm	1,362	197 gCO₂e/vkm
Agriculture – primary farming ⁽²⁾	4.5		2,147 tCO₂e/£m	1,060	4.1		2,075 tCO₂e/£m	1,033	1,527 tCO₂e/£m
Agriculture – LULUCF ⁽³⁾			(424) tCO ₂ e/£m	(635)			(333) tCO ₂ e/£m	(729)	(1,493) tCO₂e/£m
Land transport ^(4,5)	0.8	0.8		357	0.6	0.7		348	
of which freight road	0.2	0.3	37.3 gCO₂e/t-km	324	0.1	0.2	36.7 gCO₂e/t-km	317	29.8 gCO ₂ e/t-km
of which passenger rail	0.3	0.2	50.6 gCO₂e/p-km	924	0.3	0.2	50.6 gCO₂e/p-km	976	29.5 gCO₂e/p-km
of which passenger road	0.3	0.3	73.2 gCO₂e/p-km	234	0.2	0.3	64.9 gCO₂e/p-km	221	44.6 gCO₂e/p-km
Electricity generation	1.7		258.5 kgCO₂e/MWh	546	2.4		223.2 kgCO ₂ e/MWh	884	53.1 kgCO₂e/MWh
Aviation ⁽⁶⁾	1.6			1,748	1.8			2,122	
Oil and gas ⁽⁷⁾	0.9	1.5	2.5 tCO ₂ e/TJ	531	1.7	1.9	2.6 tCO ₂ e/TJ	736	1.6 tCO ₂ e/TJ
Shipping ⁽⁶⁾	0.3			311	0.4			319	
Iron and steel	0.4		1.5 tCO ₂ e/tonne	5,690	0.3		1.6 tCO ₂ e/tonne	4,820	0.8 tCO ₂ e/tonne
Aluminium ⁽³⁾			2.2 tCO ₂ e/tonne	1,107			2.5 tCO₂e/tonne	1,155	1.8 tCO ₂ e/tonne
Cement	0.4		0.5 tCO₂e/tonne	2,670	0.5		0.6 tCO₂e/tonne	2,586	0.2 tCO₂e/tonne

NatWest Group science-based targets



- Cover 79% of on balance sheet lending and investments as well as own operational footprint.
- Own operational footprint: Absolute reduction in scope 1, 2 and 3 (category 1-14) emissions by 50% by 2030.
- Financing activity targets:
 - **Sectoral Decarbonisation approach:** Electricity generation, Residential mortgages, Commercial real estate, Land transport, Automotive manufacturing, etc.

Emissions intensity estimates



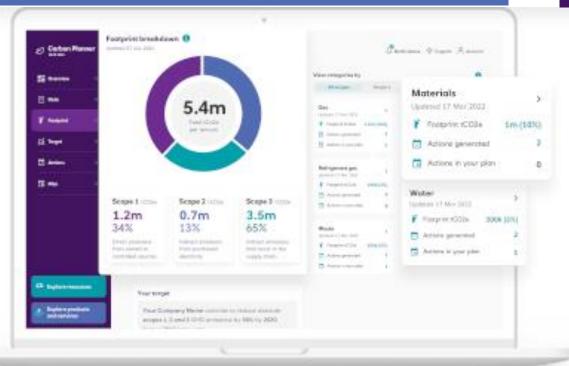
• Temperature rating approach: Agriculture, Aviation, etc.

NatWest Group publishes SBTi validated science-based targets | NatWest Group

Supporting customer transition – some examples



NatWest Carbon Planner



Carbon Footprint Tracker Calculate your carbon footprint



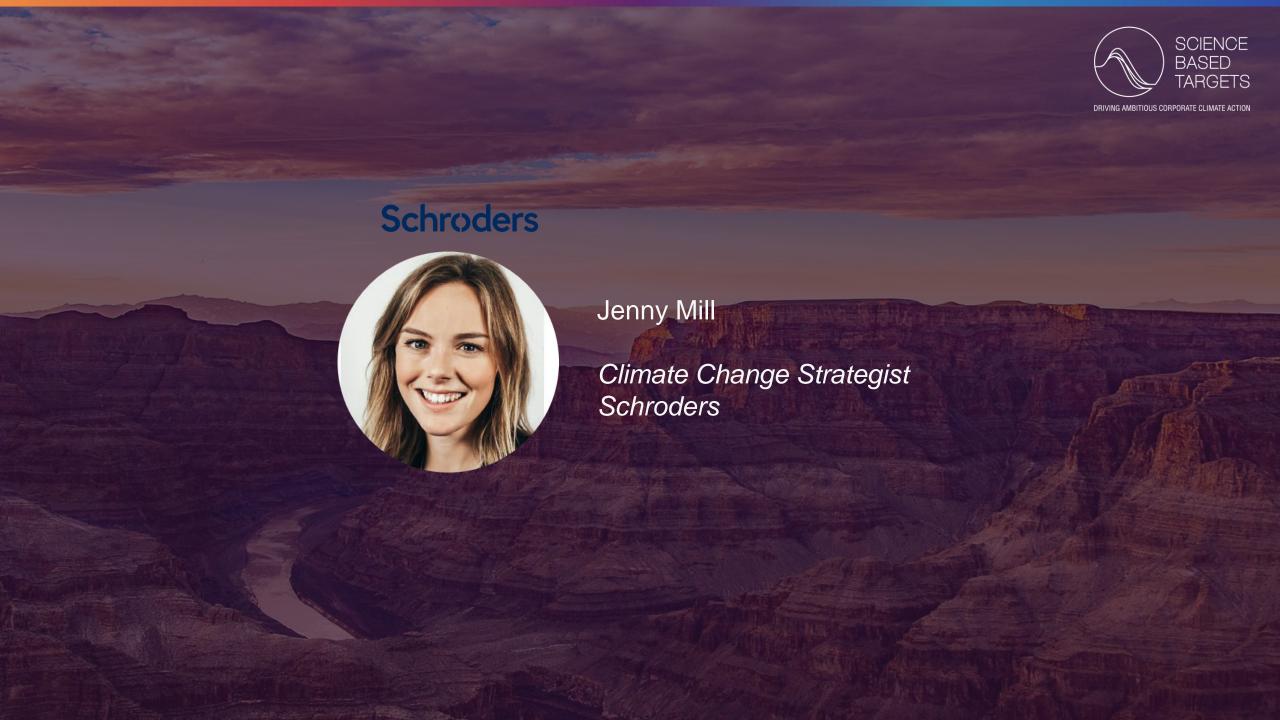
What is a Green Mortgage?

- Our Green Mortgages reward you for purchasing or remortgaging an energy efficient home by offering a reduced mortgage rate on a 2 year or 5 year fixed rate mortgage.
- If your purchasing or remortgaging a property with a valid Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) rating of A or B then you could get mortgage with a lower interest rate with a Green Mortgage.

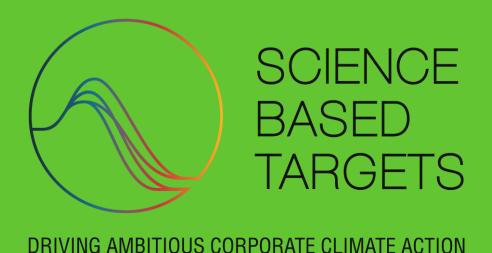
Embedding climate in decision making



- Management Information Regular updates to key stakeholders to help build knowledge and familiarity with climate metrics.
- Climate transition plan— aimed to help assess progress made towards external climate ambitions. Assess carbon impacts of:
 - Climate opportunities and other actions to support NatWest and customer transition.
 - Identify external dependencies along with potential impacts on NatWest carbon reduction.
 - Changes to balance sheet based on the financial plan.
- Climate considerations in risk management scenario analysis, incorporate climate in risk assessment including credit risk, reputational risk, etc.
- Regular monitoring of progress against the climate transition plan and SBTi targets.



1 Our science-based target





- Calculated Schroders group baseline emissions for 2019 based on PCAF methodology
- Set Schroders group target covering Scope 1, 2
 and 3 emissions over the medium and long term
- Outlined the activities we planned to undertake in order to achieve emissions reductions

- Portfolio temperature score:
 - 2.92°C in 2019 to a 2.19°C by 2030, across financed scope 1 and 2 emissions
 - 3.13°C in 2019 to 2.29°C by 2030 across financed scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions, in line with a 1.5°C pathway by 2040
- Portfolio coverage: 100% by 2050

2 Why we chose to set a science-based target



- Critical to move from commitment to action
- Material impact on long-run returns
- Focus on opportunities from the low carbon transition
- Track progress

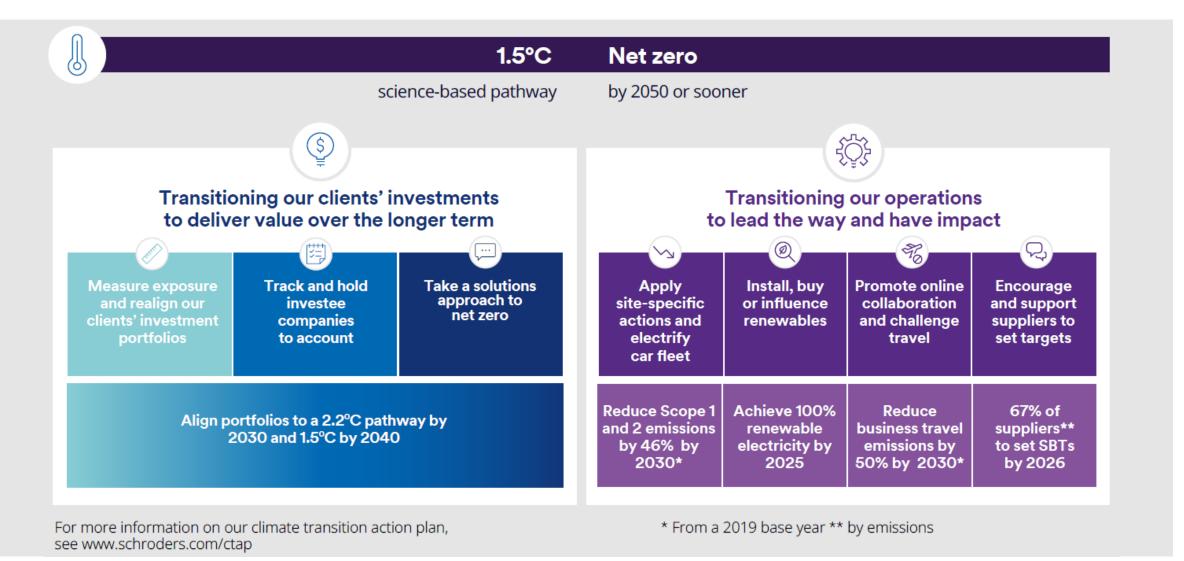


- Leading industry standard
- Carbon accounting standards (PCAF, GHG Protocol)
- Independent third-party assessment
- Options for setting targets (portfolio coverage, SDA, temperature alignment)



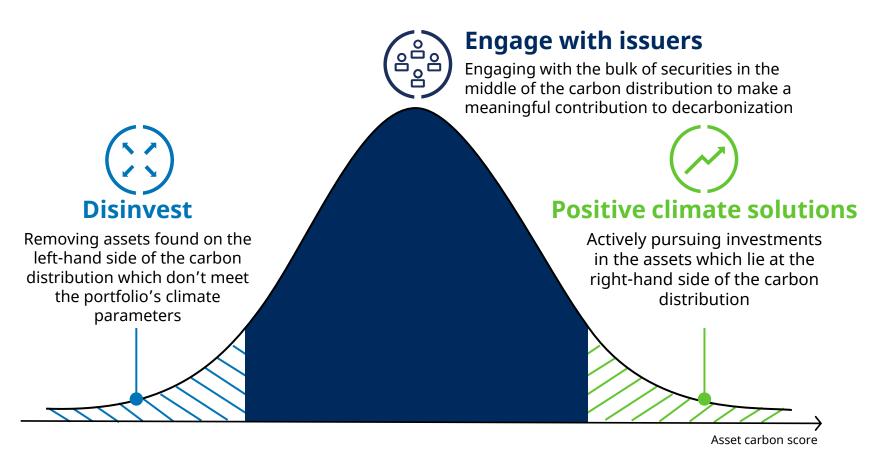
- Focus on companies setting targets
- Enables tracking at issuer, fund, desk and group level
- Short, medium and long term targets
- Scope coverage Scopes 1, 2and 3

(3) How will we reach our target



4 Why engagement is our focus

The four tools that asset managers can use to decarbonize a portfolio





Use carbon offsets

Once we have reduced portfolio emissions to a point where further reductions would place too much pressure on investment integrity we could voluntarily pay for the cost of any residual emissions

Different levers most appropriate in different situations

Source: Schroders.

(5) How we engage to drive the transition

- 1. Commit
- 2. Set targets
- 3. Transition plan
- 4. Publish progress

700+ companies engaged







Climate expectations

We set four objectives we expect large and medium sized companies to adopt in order to align their business activities with the goals of the Paris agreement

02

Company prioritisation and selection

We focus our engagement activity on companies that we believe are highly exposed to, but least prepared for, the climate transition

03

Monitoring progress

We monitor company progress against our objectives over time using metrics in our climate tools and dashboards

04

Voting policy

We have developed climate voting principles covering shareholder resolutions. 'Say on Climate' resolutions, and when we will vote against boards

05

Escalation Practice

We use a range of escalation tactics to take action against companies that do not make progress within a specified timeframe

Source: Schroders.



Engagements

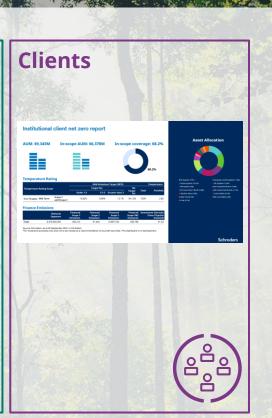
- Data driven insights inform engagement strategy
- Increase number of issuers with valid targets
- Improve PCAF quality scores



Asset classes

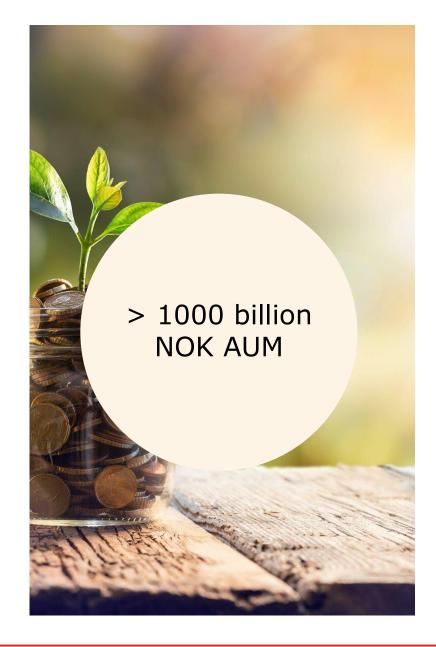
- Externally managed funds
- Sovereign Bonds
- Real Estate
- Private Assets
- Project Finance

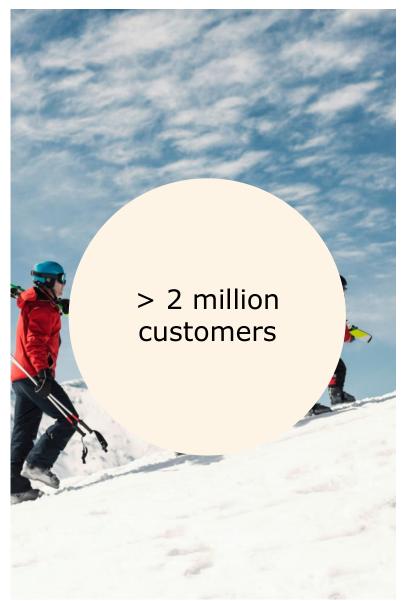


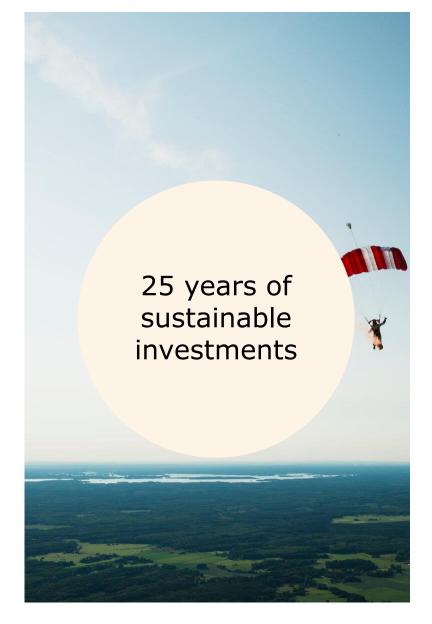














Own Operations

Procurement

Investments

In 2019, Storebrand was one of the founding members of the UN convened Net Zero Asset Owner Alliance



Committed to transitioning **investment portfolios** to **net-zero GHG emissions by 2050** consistent with a maximum temperature rise of 1.5°C



Focus on **emissions reductions in the real economy** and establishing intermediate **targets every five years** in line with Paris Agreement





To achieve net zero emissions by 2050, Storebrand defined intermediate targets towards 2025



Asset class targets

-32% reduction in scope 1-2 GHG emissions of Storebrand's total equity, corporate bond and real estate investments by 2025¹



Solution targets

15% of our total investments to be invested in solutions² by 2025



Active ownership

Special emphasis will be placed on the 20 largest emitters

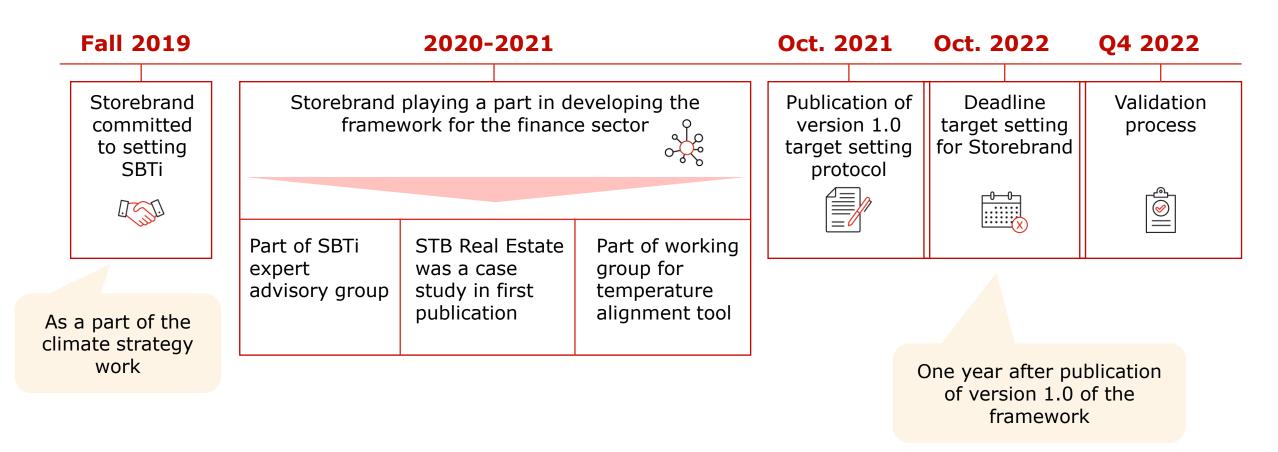


Customer engagement

Make it easy for clients to understand and contribute to a low carbon future

¹⁾ Applying 2018 as the baseline

Storebrand committed to setting an SBT in 2019 and have since then been a part of developing the framework globally



Storebrand's portfolio targets cover 81% of its total investment and lending activities by invested assets as of 2021

Own operations



Equites and corporate bonds



Direct real estate investments



Storebrand commits to reduce absolute Scope 1+2 GHG emissions 52% by 2030 from a 2018 base year. Storebrand commits to continue annually sourcing 100% renewable electricity through 2030¹

Storebrand commits to 42% of its listed equity and corporate bond portfolio by invested value setting SBTi validated targets by 2027

Storebrand commits to reduce its real estate portfolio scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions 64% per square meter for residential buildings and 71% per square meter for commercial buildings within its management of direct real estate investments by target year 2030 from a base year 2019²



¹⁾ We have used a location-based method for our scope 1 and 2 emissions target for own operations, but also included a market-based target for which renewable electricity will be procured.

²⁾ Market-based method used, but the priority will be to decarbonize managed properties through direct interventions in energy reduction and on-site production of renewable energy, and lastly to procure renewable energy in the market.

Portfolio Coverage target is used for equities and corporate bonds, well aligned with our active ownership and investment strategies

Equites and corporate bonds



Storebrand commits to 42% of its
listed equity and
corporate bond portfolio by
invested value setting SBTi
validated targets by 2027

Comments regarding the target:

- The portfolio coverage method will reflect the latest SBTi guidance and methods available to enable companies to set targets and achieve SBT approval.
- To reach the target, Storebrand expects that the SBTi continues method development and expanding sector guidance and has sufficient validation capacity.

Two main additional actions:

- 1. What the companies do: Influence through ownership dialogues and voting
- 2. What we invest in: SBTi is for example a part of the Storebrand ESG Plus strategy, and included in asset owner investment strategy

Sectoral Decarbonization Approach (SDA) is used for our real estate investments and will mainly be reached through energy efficiency

Direct real estate investments



Storebrand commits to reduce its real estate portfolio scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions 64% per square meter for residential buildings and 71% per square meter for commercial buildings within its management of direct real estate investments by target year 2030 from a base year 2019

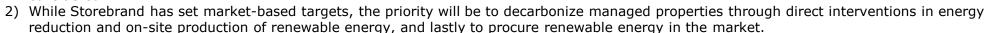
Comments regarding the target:

 Location vs. market-based: Marked based used, but both location- and market-based scope 2 emissions will be tracked across the real estate portfolio.¹

Three approaches to reach the target (in prioritized order²):

- 1. Work to make our buildings more energy efficient, to reduce energy consumption
- 2. Increase onsite renewable energy production (solar)
- 3. Purchase offsite renewables through guarantees of origin or other instruments like Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs)

¹⁾ If changes in e.g. the GHG accounting guidance make location-based targets more viable, a target update switching to location-based targets will be considered.





Storebrand set a science-based target for several reasons

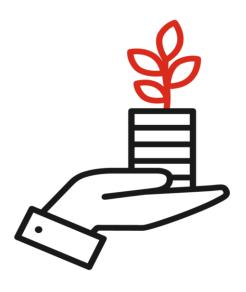
External validation



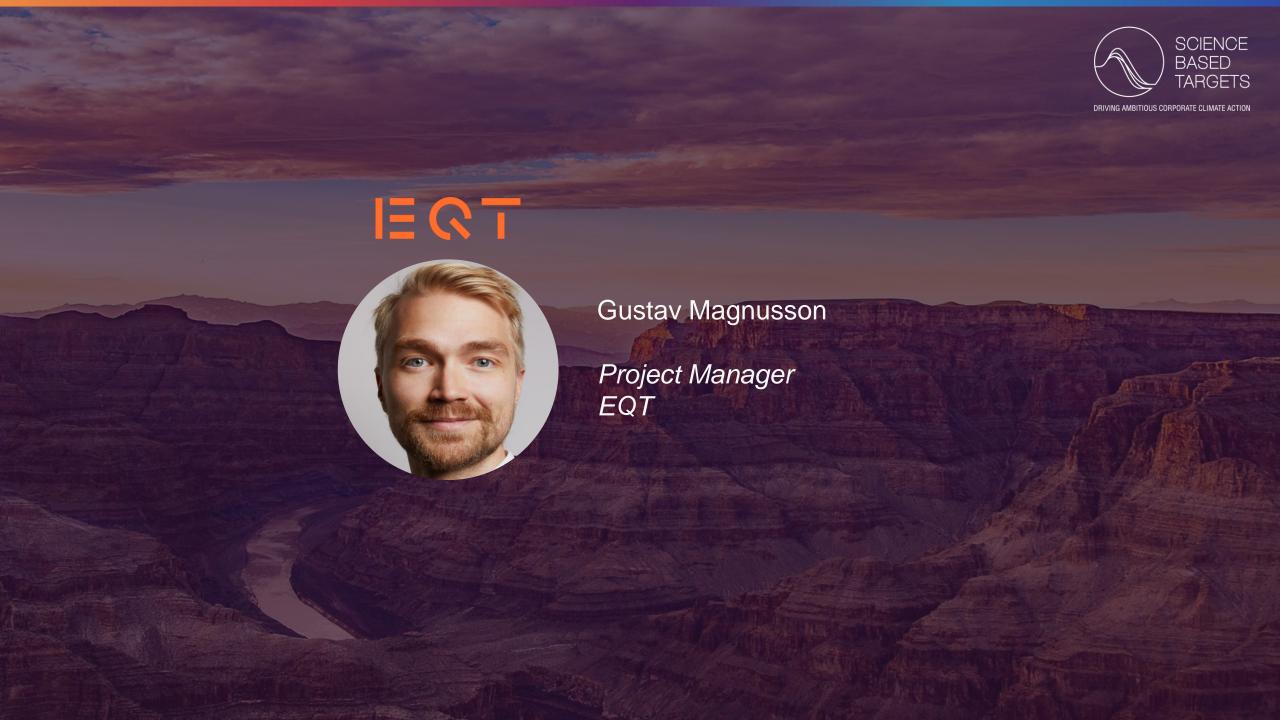
Consistency with active ownership



Commercial aspects



Aligned with our net-zero journey





EQT: A differentiated global investment organization

Purpose

Why we exist

To future-proof companies and make a positive impact with everything we do

Vision

What we strive for

To be the **most reputable** investor and owner

Mission

What we do and how

With the best talent and network around the world, EQT uses a unique value creation approach and thematic investment strategy to future-proof companies, creating superior returns and making a positive impact with everything we do



EQT takes a holistic approach to achieve net-zero carbon

Understand
the GHG
emission
footprint

Direct emissions (Scope 1 & 2)

Indirect emissions (Scope 3)

For EQT AB, EQT Funds PCs and real estate assets



Science-based targets

Decarbonize

the existing

business

Renewable electricity transition

Energy efficiency

New products and services



Remove
what cannot be
avoided

Carbon offsets

Carbon removal and storage technology

EQT's SBTs and progress to date

50% emission reductions in EQT AB Scope 1 & 2 emissions

30% reductions in EQT AB's Scope 3 emissions from business travel 100% of portfolio companies¹ setting their own SBTs 55% emission reductions per sqm in real estate investments²

Over 40 portfolio companies formally engaged in SBT setting in the 15 months since target validation, including 9 validated targets (YTD)



Melita (EQT Infrastructure IV)



AFRY (EQT Public Value)



